IN THE CLAIMS:

Please amend the claims as follows:

Claim 1 (Currently Amended): An electric field alignment method of a ferroelectric liquid crystal display device, comprising:

connecting a plurality of thin film transistors arranged along a first direction to a plurality of data lines in an offset configuration between adjacent data lines;

supplying a turn-ON voltage at a level greater than a threshold voltage of the thin film transistors during an electric field alignment of ferroelectric liquid crystal material of the ferroelectric liquid crystal display device at least more than two successive times to a plurality of gate lines arranged along a second direction; and

supplying voltages for electric field alignment and of opposite polarity to the adjacent data lines during the electric field alignment while constantly maintaining a voltage of a ferroelectric liquid crystal cell of the ferroelectric liquid crystal display device during the electric field alignment,

wherein an electric field is applied to the ferroelectric liquid crystal cell by using a leakage current of the thin film transistors, and

wherein the turn-ON voltage is supplied the gate lines in a range of from ten to four-hundred times during the electric field alignment.

Claim 2 (Original): The electric field alignment method according to claim 1, wherein the ferroelectric liquid crystal cell operates in a Half V-Switching Mode.

Claim 3 (Canceled).

Claim 4 (Withdrawn): An electric field alignment method of a ferroelectric liquid crystal display device, comprising:

connecting a plurality of thin film transistors arranged along a first direction to a plurality of data lines arranging in an offset configuration between adjacent data lines;

supplying a voltage below a threshold voltage of the thin film transistors to a plurality of gate lines during an electric field alignment of ferroelectric liquid crystal material of the ferroelectric liquid crystal display device; and

supplying voltages of opposite polarity to adjacent data lines during the electric field alignment while maintaining a voltage of a ferroelectric liquid crystal cell of the ferroelectic liquid crystal display device during the electric field alignment.

Claim 5 (Withdrawn): The electric field alignment method according to claim 4, wherein the ferroelectric liquid crystal cell operates in a Half V-Switching Mode.

Claim 6 (Canceled).

Claim 7 (Withdrawn): An electric field alignment method of a ferroelectric liquid crystal display device, comprising:

connecting a plurality of thin film transistors arranged along a first direction to a plurality of data lines in an offset configuration adjacent data lines;

maintaining a plurality of gate lines in an electrically floating state during an electric field alignment of a ferroelectric liquid crystal material of the ferroelectric liquid crystal display device; and

supplying voltages of opposite polarity to the adjacent data lines during the electric field alignment while maintaining a voltage of a ferroelectric liquid crystal cell of the ferroelectric liquid crystal display device during the electric field alignment.

Claim 8 (Withdrawn): The electric field alignment method according to claim 7, wherein the ferroelectric liquid crystal cell operates in a Half V-Switching Mode.

Claim 9 (Currently Amended): A ferroelectric liquid crystal display device, comprising:

a liquid crystal panel having a plurality of data and gate lines and a plurality of
thin film transistors arranged along a first direction in an offset configuration between
adjacent data lines;

a gate driving circuit for supplying a turn-ON voltage at least more than two successive times to the plurality of gate lines, the turn-ON voltage set at a level above a threshold voltage of the thin film transistors during an electric field alignment of ferroelectric liquid crystal material; and

data driving circuit for controlling opposite polarity voltages <u>for electric field</u>
<u>alignment</u> supplied to the adjacent data lines during the electric field alignment while
constantly maintaining a voltage supplied to ferroelectric liquid crystal cells during the
electric field alignment,

wherein an electric field is applied to the ferroelectric liquid crystal cell by using a leakage current of the thin film transistors, and

wherein the turn-ON voltage is supplied the gate lines in a range of from ten to four-hundred times during the electric field alignment.

Claim 10 (Original): The ferroelectric liquid crystal display device according to claim 9, wherein the ferroelectric liquid crystal cell operates in a Half V-Switching Mode.

Claim 11 (Canceled).

Claim 12 (Original): The ferroelectric liquid crystal display device according to claim 9, wherein the data driving circuit supplies video data having different polarities to the adjacent data lines during driving of the display device.

Claim 13 (Withdrawn): A ferroelectric liquid crystal display device, comprising:

a liquid crystal panel having a plurality of data and gate lines and a plurality of thin film transistors arranged along a first direction in an offset configuration between adjacent data lines; a gate driving circuit for supplying a voltage below a threshold voltage of the thin film transistors to the gate lines during an electric field alignment of ferroelectric liquid crystal material of the display device; and

a data driving circuit for controlling opposite polarity voltages supplied to the adjacent data lines during the electric field alignment while maintaining a voltage supplied to a ferroelectric liquid crystal cell during the electric field alignment.

Claim 14 (Withdrawn) A ferroelectric liquid crystal display device, comprising:

a liquid crystal panel having a plurality of data and gate lines and a plurality of thin film transistors arranged along a first direction in an offset configuration between adjacent data lines; and

a data driving circuit for controlling opposite polarity voltages supplied to the adjacent data lines during an electric field alignment while maintaining a voltage supplied to a ferroelectric liquid crystal cell during the electric field alignment,

wherein the gate lines remain electrically floating during the electric field alignment.